## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (January 2004)

International application No.

·		PCT/JP2	PCT/JP2005/003100		
	ATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C12Q1/48, C12N15/09, C12Q1/68	, G01N33/15, G01N33/50			
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC					
B. FIELDS SEARCHED					
Minimum docum Int . C1 <sup>7</sup>	nentation searched (classification system followed by classification classification system followed by class	ssification symbols) , G01N33/15, G01N33/50			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Jitsuyo Kokai Ji	tsuyo Shinan Koho 1971-2005 Tor	suyo Shinan Toroku Koho roku Jitsuyo Shinan Koho	1996-2005 1994-2005		
Electronic data b CA (STN) JSTPlus	ase consulted during the international search (name of d , GenBank/EMBL/DDBJ/GeneSeq, B s (STN)	ata base and, where practicable, search t IOSIS/MEDLINE/WPIDS (STI	erms used) N),		
C. DOCUMEN	ITS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
A A	Parniak MA, et al., A fluores throughput screening assay fo human immunodeficiency virustranscriptase-associated ribo activity., Anal Biochem. (2003 No.1, pages 33 to 39  N.McLellan, et al., High-Thro Research report Nonradioactiv retroviral associated RNaseH microplate-based, high-throug BioTechniques (2002), Vol.33,	r inhibitors of 1 reverse nuclease H ), Vol.322,  ughput Method e detection of activity in a hput format.,	1-12		
Special cate: "A" document do be of part "E" earlier applied filing date "L" document we cited to esta special rease "O" document respondent priority date  Date of the actual 26 April	al completion of the international search i.l., 2005 (26.04.05)	See patent family annex.  T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  "Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art  "&" document member of the same patent family  Date of mailing of the international search report  17 May, 2005 (17.05.05)			
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Japanese Patent Office		Authorized officer			
Facsimile No.		Telephone No			

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/JP2005/003100

		PCT/JP:	2005/003100
C (Continuation	). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	•	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relev	Relevant to claim No.	
	Shao X., et al., Colorimetric assays for evaluation of the mode of action of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors., Antivir Chem Chemother. (1998), Vol.9, No.2, pages 167 to 176		1-12
A	Fan N. et al., Simultaneous mutations at Tyr-181 and Tyr-188 in HIV-1 reverse transcriptase prevents inhibition of RNA-dependent DNA polymerase activity by the bisheteroarylpiperazine (BHAP) U-90152s., FEBS Lett. (1995), Vol.370, Nos.1 to 2, pages 59 to 62		1-12
:			,
	•		
•	·		
i			
			(
		, - ·	
	() (continuation of second cheet) (Innum: 2004)		

PCT/JP2005/003100

Claims 1 to 12 disclose inventions relating to a method of screening an RNase H inhibitor to a reverse transcriptase by using a substrate which is "a substrate comprising a template hybridized with a primer:

wherein the template is 5'-NRWXZ-3' and the primer is 3'-Y-5' (wherein Y is hybridizable with X in the template);

the template is 5'-NRWX-3' and the primer is 3'-YZ-5' (wherein Y is hybridizable with X in the template); or

the template is 5'-NRWXZY-3' (wherein Y is hybridizable with X in the template);

wherein N represents a  $\underline{\mbox{13- to 19-mer}}$  DNA, RNA or chimeric nucleic acid;

- R represents an RNA;
- W represents a DNA or a chimeric nucleic acid;
- X represents a 15-mer or higher DNA, RNA or chimeric nucleic acid;
- Y represents a DNA, an RNA or a chimeric nucleic acid having the same length as X to be hybridized therewith, provided that Y is a DNA in the case where X to be hybridized therewith is a DNA, Y is an RNA in the case where X to be hybridized therewith is an RNA, or Y is a chimeric nucleic acid in the case where X to be hybridized therewith is a chimeric nucleic acid (in the chimeric nucleic acid, Y is a DNA in the case where X is an RNA); and

Z represents a DNA, an RNA or a chimeric nucleic acid, provided that W and Z may be nil". However, screening of an RNase H inhibitor was confirmed in practice exclusively on the following substrate shown in Fig. 1:

template 5'-NRWXZ-3' :  $\underline{N=0}$ , R=19, W=1,  $\underline{X=1}$ , X=24, Z=0 primer 3'-y-5' : Y=24.

Concerning the test compounds,

use was exclusively made, as control compounds for RNase H inhibitor (compound 1; 4-[5-(benzoylamino)thien-2-yl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid), suramin sodium binding nonspecifically to a reverse transcriptase and Nevirapine which is a non-nucleic acid type reverse transcriptase inhibitor. Namely, sufficient statement for carrying out the screening of an RNase H inhibitor for the above substrate in every case is not provided. Thus, it does not appear that the constitution of the invention relating to the above substrate is sufficiently described in the description.

Such being the case, the search was made on the parts supported by the description and disclosed therein, i.e., mainly on EXAMPLES.